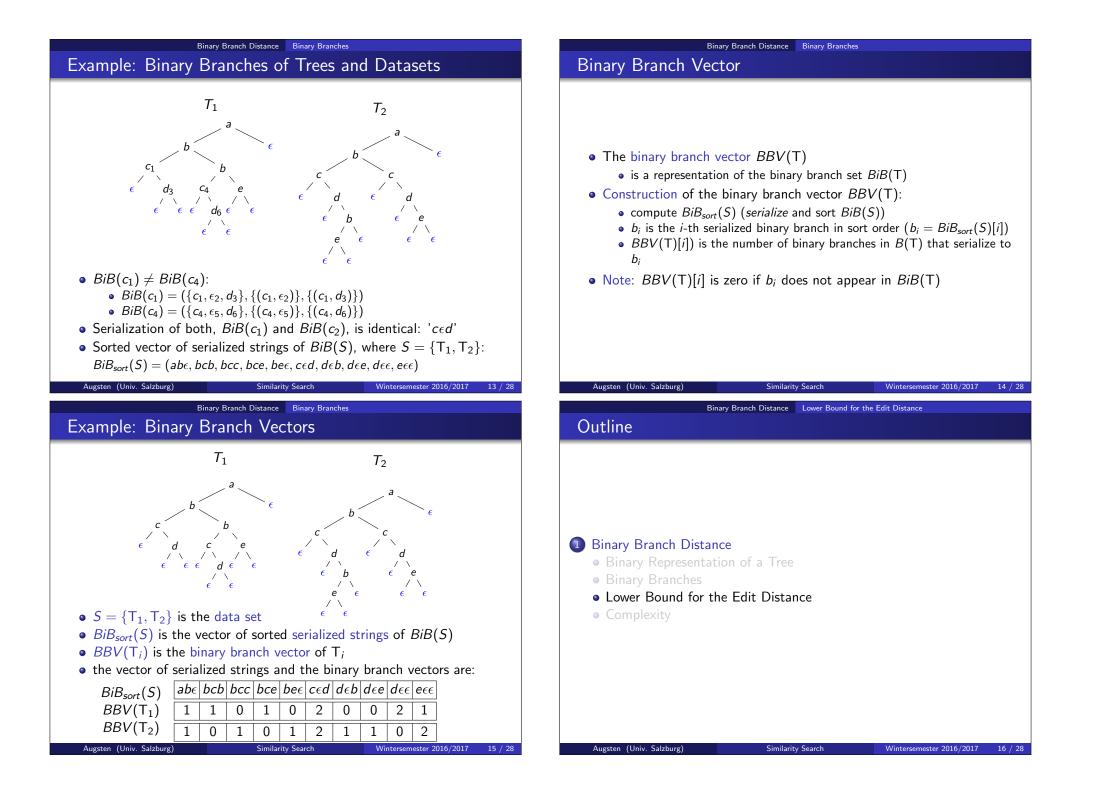


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### Binary Branch Distance Lower Bound for the Edit Distance

# Binary Branch Distance [YKT05]

### Definition (Binary Branch Distance)

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Let  $BBV(T) = (b_1, \ldots, b_k)$  and  $BBV(T') = (b'_1, \ldots, b'_k)$  be binary branch vectors of trees T and T', respectively. The binary branch distance of T and T' is

$$\delta_B(\mathsf{T},\mathsf{T}') = \sum_{i=1}^{\kappa} |b_i - b_i'|$$

• Intuition: We count the binary branches that do not match between the two trees.

Similarity Search

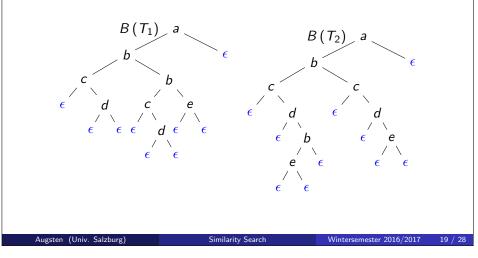
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• The normalized binary tree representations are:

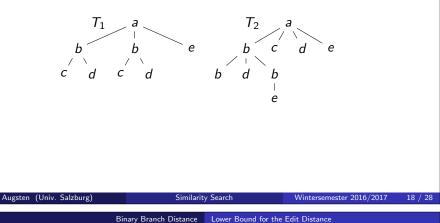
Example: Binary Branch Distance



### Binary Branch Distance Lower Bound for the Edit Distance

## Example: Binary Branch Distance

• We compute the binary branch distance between  $T_1$  and  $T_2$ :



# Example: Binary Branch Distance

• The binary branch vectors of  $T_1$  and  $T_2$  are:

the binary branch vectors of 11 and 12 are.										
$BiB_{sort}(S)$	abe	bcb	bcc	bce	$be\epsilon$	c∈d	$d\epsilon b$	$d\epsilon e$	$d\epsilon\epsilon$	$e\epsilon\epsilon$
$BBV(T_1)$	1	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	2	1
$BBV(T_2)$	1	0	1	0	1	2	1	1	0	2

• The binary branch distance is

$$\begin{split} \delta_{B}(\mathsf{T}_{1},\mathsf{T}_{2}) &= \sum_{i=1}^{10} |b_{1,i} - b_{2,i}| \\ &= |1 - 1| + |1 - 0| + |0 - 1| + |1 - 0| + |0 - 1| + |2 - 0| + |1 - 1| + |2 - 0| + |1 - 2| \\ &= 9, \end{split}$$

where  $b_{1,i}$  and  $b_{2,i}$  are the *i*-th dimension of the vectors  $BBV(T_1)$  and  $BBV(T_2)$ , respectively.

# Binary Branch DistanceLower Bound for the Edit DistanceLower Bound TheoremTheorem (Lower Bound)Let T and T' be two trees. If the tree edit distance between T and T' is<br/> $\delta_t(T, T')$ , then the binary branch distance between them satisfies<br/> $\delta_B(T, T') \leq 5 \times \delta_t(T, T').$

### Proof (Sketch — Full Proof in [YKT05]).

- Each node v appears in at most two binary branches.
- *Rename*: Renaming a node causes at most two binary branches in each tree to mismatch. The sum is 4.
- Similar rational for *insert* and its complementary operation *delete* (at most 5 binary branches mismatch).

Similarity Search

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Binary Branch Distance Lower Bound for the Edit Distance

# Proof Sketch: Illustration for Insert

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- $\delta_B(\mathsf{T}_1,\mathsf{T}_2) = 5$  (5 binary branches different)
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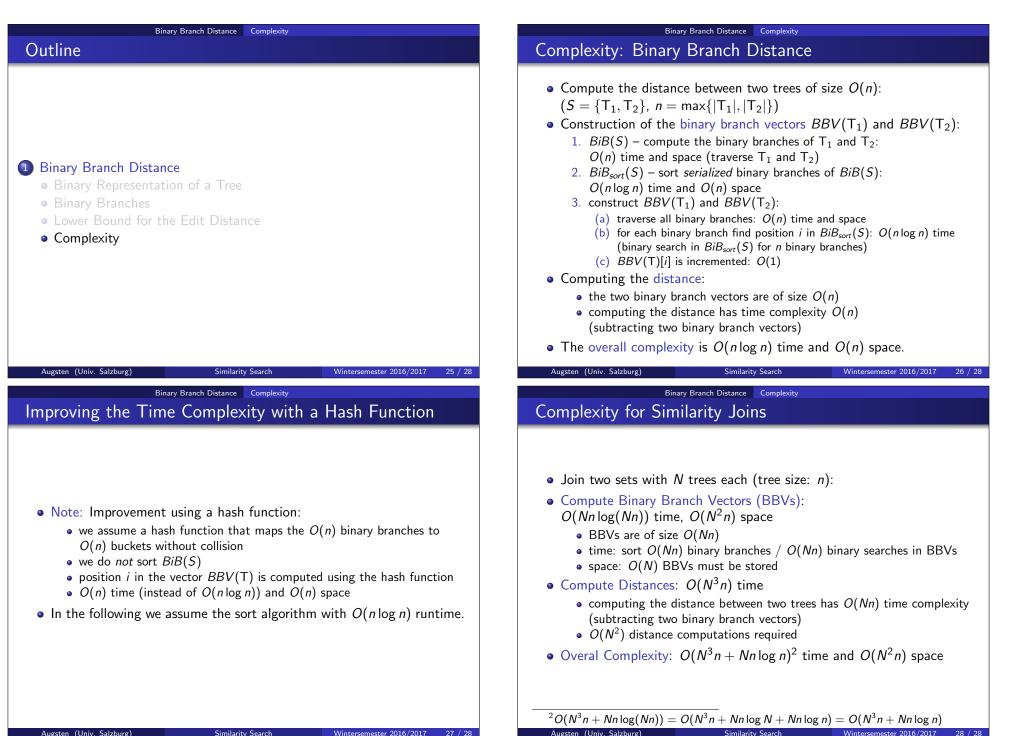
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# Proof Sketch: Illustration for Rename

Binary Branch Distance Lower Bound for the Edit Distance

• transform  $T_1$  to  $T_2$ : ren(c, x)• binary trees  $B(T_1)$  and  $B(T_2)$ • Two binary branches ( $b \in c$ , ceg) exist only in  $B(T_1)$ • Two binary branches ( $b \in x, x \in g$ ) exist only in  $B(T_2)$ •  $\delta_t(T_1, T_2) = 1$  (1 rename) •  $\delta_B(T_1, T_2) = 4$  (4 binary branches different) Augsten (Univ. Salzburg) Similarity Search Wintersemester 2016/2017 22 / 28 Binary Branch Distance Lower Bound for the Edit Distance **Proof Sketch** • In general it can be shown that • Rename changes at most 4 binary branches • Insert changes at most 5 binary branches • Delete changes at most 5 binary branches • Each edit operation changes at most 5 binary branches, thus  $\delta_B(\mathsf{T},\mathsf{T}') < 5 \times \delta_t(\mathsf{T},\mathsf{T}').$ 



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